

Planning for sustainable mobility in small cities
Our city is transforming into a green, attractive, accessible, and safe destination

Mobility approach in small city

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ΠΟΛΥΤΕΧΝΕΙΟ ΚΡΗΤΗΣ
ΣΧΟΛΗ ΧΗΜΙΚΩΝ ΜΗΧΑΝΙΚΩΝ ΚΑΙ
ΜΗΧΑΝΙΚΩΝ ΠΕΡΙΒΑΛΛΟΝΤΟΣ
ΕΡΓΑΣΤΗΡΙΟ ΑΝΑΝΕΩΣΙΜΩΝ ΚΑΙ
ΒΙΩΣΙΜΩΝ ΕΝΕΡΓΕΙΑΚΩΝ ΣΥΣΤΗΜΑΤΩΝ



City Mobility and Logistics in Urban Areas

- Cause of more than a quarter of overall urban transport CO2 emissions (and 30-50% PM and NOx)
- Impacts on the urban environment, noise, urban public space, and living conditions
- Relevant traffic component in the city (15% of circulating vehicles)
- Regulated/influenced by public authorities
- Operated by private companies, in general of small dimension
- Frequent deliveries due e-commerce, home delivery

...in Small and Medium Towns, is more complex due to:

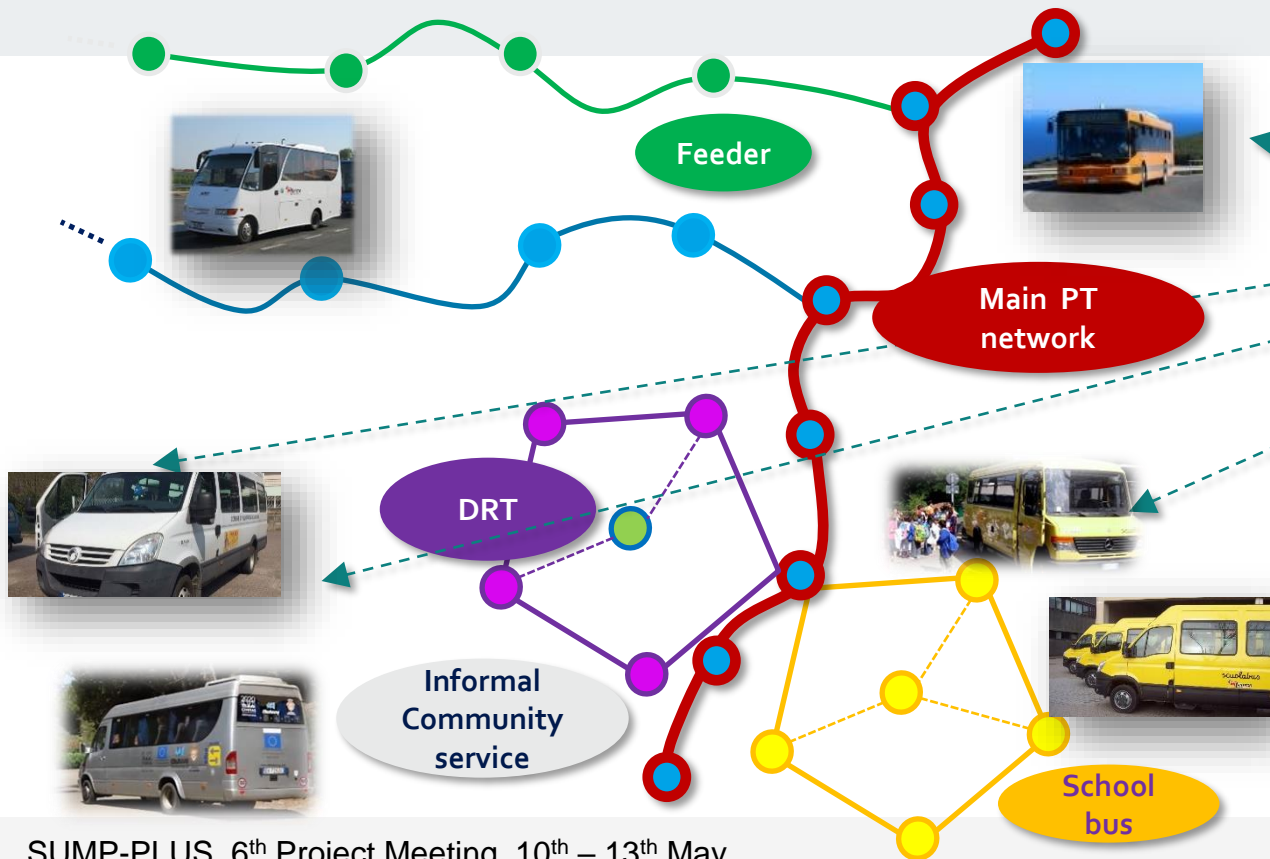
- City features (old road infrastructure, narrow streets, etc.)
- more strict access regulations
- presence of heritage and historic assets
- higher risks for pedestrian safety



... with higher impacts
(pollution, noise, etc.)
and higher costs of
logistics operation



Transport services in rural areas and small cities



Addressing users' needs



- What is the bus arrival time?
- Is the Timetable valid?
- What is the location of the bus?
- Can I book a trip?
- Which are the service KPI ?
- Which are the most critical network conditions?

**Planning, Operation,
Integration, Reporting,...**

Main cross-governance aspects/solutions

Qualification and diversification of public transport services as dedicated and priority corridors (BRT-BHLS), flexible transport, Demand Responsive, feeder, etc.



Realization of **ITS infrastructure** and digital solutions for network traffic data collection, crowdsourced data, process monitoring and control, real time information, etc.



Urban Freight Transport/City Logistics solutions tailored on the context conditions (last mile services, UCC, Access Control, Cargo bike, awarding platform, etc.)



Integration of different modalities, services interoperability and payments,



Active and complementary modes (bike, ride sharing-station, vans sharing, car sharing, etc.)



Coordination/Cooperation among different mobility and transport operators inclusion also Mobility as a Service (MaaS) schemes



The primary resource, under competition, is the road

Lessons learnt so far



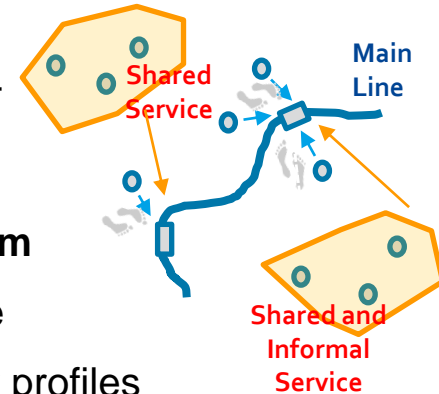
(physical and virtual layer)



- Additional services **complementary** and **integrated** within local PT service schemes
- Close **cooperation** among the Municipality, Community, PT operators and mobility service providers
- Role of the Local **Authority** in design and development of shared mobility services
- **Relevance of IT platform** (*new platform* or working with the existing one)
- Relevance of PT **redesign in terms of “main, feeder and informal”** transport services

MAIN PROBLEMS TO BE FACED

- **Complexity** in **specification, procurement** and implementation of service/IT
- **Time and difficulties for Commercial Agreement** with services providers
- Substantial **CAPEX** and **OPEX** need to be planned for **medium and long term**
- **Uncertainty** of the financial coverage of costs, variability of possible revenue
- **Digital Technology** is essential but it implies further organization, skills, new profiles
- **Define the Digital Technology “limits”** specially for control, coordination, payment and information provision (how to integrate in the MaaS concept)



Thank you

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